

SECTION 1: Identification**1.1. Identification**

Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: EX-2C WHITE 120
Product code	: FUA0120
Formula	: FUA0120

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Endura Manufacturing Company Ltd.
12425 - 149 Street NW
Edmonton, AB, T5L 2J6 - Canada
T 1-780-451-4242 - F 1-780-452-5079
info@endura.ca - www.endurapaint.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : In the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods:
in Canada call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 24 hours / 7 days (Account Name for Canada
Endura Manufacturing Co. Ltd.)
in the US call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 24 hours / 7 days (Account Name for US is
Polyglass Coatings)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled
Carcinogenicity Category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements**GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS02

GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) :

: Warning

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

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P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312 - Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂) to extinguish
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	wt%	GHS US classification
titanium(IV) oxide		40 – 50	Carc. 2, H351
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4	20 – 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:vapour), H330 STOT SE 3, H336
ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	0.153	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists. Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause moderate irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Sand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity	: Flammable liquid and vapor.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.
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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. For further information refer to section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	710 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	150 ppm

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm (Ethyl benzene; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy)
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	435 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	100 ppm

titanium(IV) oxide		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	LRT irr; A3
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	15 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 122 – 290 °C 251.6 – 554 °F
Flash point	: 26 °C 78.8 °F
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Explosion limits	: 1 – 12 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

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Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Density	: 1.525 g/ml
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: 407.2 °C 765 °F
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content (Regulatory - Less water and exempt solvents)	: 359.95 g/l : 3.004 lb/gal
VOC content (Material - Actual)	: 359.95 g/l : 3.004 lb/gal
Percent Solids (Weight)	: 76.39 %
Percent Solids (Volume)	: 59.196 %
Percent Volatile (Weight)	: 23.61 %
Percent Volatile (Volume)	: 40.804 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Sparks. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Dermal; Inhalation; Skin and eye contact

Acute toxicity : Not classified

EX-2C WHITE 120	
ATE US (dust, mist)	3.28 mg/l/4h
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	0.74 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Inhalation (mixture of vapour and aerosol), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	0.74 mg/l/4h

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n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.74 mg/l/4h

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat; Other; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15415 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other; 15432 mg/kg; Rabbit; Experimental value)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	4000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15415 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

titanium(IV) oxide	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 6.82 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust), 14 day(s))

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May cause moderate irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritation to eyes.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
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n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 202, 48 h, Daphnia sp., Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	397 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, GLP)

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [2]	4.2 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)

titanium(IV) oxide	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

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titanium(IV) oxide	
ErC50 algae	61 mg/l (EPA 600/9-78-018, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

EX-2C WHITE 120	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.21 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O ₂ /g substance (20d.)
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	45.4 (20 days)

titanium(IV) oxide	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

EX-2C WHITE 120	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (BCF; Other; 6 weeks; Oncorhynchus kisutch; Flow-through system; Salt water; Literature study)
BCF - Fish [2]	15 – 79 (BCF)
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	4.68 (BCF)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.15 (Experimental value; 3.6; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

titanium(IV) oxide	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Surface tension	61.3 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66; 2.71; Calculated value; Koc; PCKOCWIN v1.66; 517.8; Calculated value

titanium(IV) oxide	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

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Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1263 Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base), 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint
including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 5 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

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Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport document description (TDG)	: UN1263 PAINT (PAINT), 3, III
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1263
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	: PAINT
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (TDG)	: III - Minor Danger
TDG Special Provisions	: 59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass),83 - Repealed SOR/2014-152
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 5
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 60

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1263
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger

Air transport

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

n-butyl acetate	CAS-No. 123-86-4	20 – 30%
ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	0.153%
titanium(IV) oxide	CAS-No.	40 – 50%

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

xylene, mixture of isomers	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	0.613%
ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	0.153%

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a final TSCA section 4 test rule.
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

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Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

titanium(IV) oxide

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

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15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	54

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

titanium(IV) oxide
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 10/30/2023
Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

SDS US Endura